## Key Stage 4 Curriculum Overview – Maths AQA Level 1/2 GCSE (9-1) in Mathematics QAN 601/4608/4

## **Curriculum Intent**

The Mathematics department strives to give students the confidence to acquire and use mathematical skills that will stand them in good stead throughout their lifetime. The department seeks to achieve excellence in the teaching and learning of Mathematics, in order for the students to make significant progress, irrespective of their prior attachment in this interesting and varied subject. As a core subject studied by all students throughout their time at school, we believe Maths is one of the most important and interesting in the curriculum. Wherever you look in the world there is Maths and we aim to equip students with the knowledge, and more importantly, the skills to fully participate in our information driven society.

## Approach / Philosophy / Implementation:

The curriculum in Maths aims to ensure that students:

Develop a culture of deep understanding, confidence and competence in Maths producing strong, secure learning and progress.

Develop fluency in the fundamental skills of Maths through practice in different contexts and in problem solving.

Reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language.

Solve problems by applying mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.

## How students are assessed

Students are assessed through three external exams worth 33% of the total grade. All three exams will be 1 hour and 30 minutes and focus on the following assessment objectives:

AO1: Use and apply standard techniques (50% at Foundation tier; 40% at Higher tier)

AO2: Reason, interpret, and communicate mathematically (25% at both tiers)

AO3: Solve problems within mathematics and in other contexts (25% at Foundation tier; 35% at Higher tier)

Paper 1: Non-Calculator. Paper 2 and 3 Calculator allowed

Term	Year 10	Year 11
Autumn term 1	Congruence, similarity & enlargement	Gradients & lines
	Enlarge shapes	Straight line graphs
	Similar shapes (angles/volume/area)	Equations from graphs
	Parallel lines & angles	Perpendicular lines
	Congruence	Non-linear graphs
	Trigonometry	Quadratic graphs
	Ratio in right-angled triangles	Cubic graphs
	Tangent	Reciprocal graphs
	Sine/cosine	Roots and intercepts
	Missing angles/sides	Using graphs
	Trigonometry in 3d shapes	Conversion graphs

	Using formulas/rules	Distance/time graphs
		Piece-wise graphs
		Direct/inverse proportion
Autumn term 2	Representing solutions of equations & inequalities	Expanding and factorising
	One/two-step equations/inequalities	Single brackets
	Inequalities represented on number lines	Binomials
	Straight line graphs	quadratics
	Unknowns on both sides	Changing the subject
	Quadratic equations	Solve linear equations
	Simultaneous equations	Solve inequalities
	Solve linear simultaneous equations by substitution	Change the subject of formulae
	Solve simultaneous equations using graphs	Functions
	Derive related facts	Function machines
	Solve simultaneous equations using adjusting	Substitution
	Solve a pair of linear equations	Composite/inverse/quadratic/trigonometric functions
Spring term 1	Angles & bearings	Multiplicative reasoning
	Measure angles	Scale factors
	Scale diagrams	Direct/inverse proportion
	Measure & read bearings	Pressure/density
	Scale drawings using bearings	Ratio problems
	Bearings with Pythagoras/trigonometry/sine/cosine	Geometric reasoning
	Working with circles	Angles at a point
	Parts of a circle	Angles in parallel lines
	Arc length	Interior/exterior angles
	Area of sectors	Circle theorems
	Circle theorem (angles in various parts)	Pythagoras' theorem
	Volume of cylinder/cone/sphere	Algebraic reasoning
	Surface area of cylinder/cone/sphere	Simplify complex expressions
	Vectors	Nth term
	Vector notation	Simultaneous equations
	Addition/subtraction of vectors	
	Vectors with shapes	
Spring term 2	Ratio & fractions	Transforming & constructing
	Share in a ratio	Line symmetry & reflection
	Ratios & graphs	Rotation & rotational symmetry

	Currency conversion 1:n & n:1 Best buy problems Ratio algebra/area/volume problems Percentages & interest Convert/compare fractions/decimals/percentages Percentages with/without a calculator Simple/compound interest Percentage change Iterative processes Probability Fractional operations Probability sum to 1 Experimental data to estimate probabilities Probabilities from tables/Venn diagrams/frequency trees Sample spaces Independent/dependent events	Translations/enlargements Constructions Loci Listing & describing Organised lists Product rule Sample spaces Venn diagrams Plans/elevations Distributions Scatter graphs Show that Number Algebra Shape Angles Data
	Conditional probabilities	Vectors triangles
Summer term 1	Collecting, representing & interpreting data Populations/samples Primary/secondary data Frequency tables/polygons Two-way tables Line/bar/pie charts Histograms Averages Stem-and-leaf diagrams Cumulative frequency Box plots Scatter graphs Non-calculator methods Four operations with integers/decimals/fractions Rational & irrational numbers Surds Significant figures	Revision & examinations

	Bounds	
	Financial maths problems	
Summer term 2	Types of number & sequences   Factors/multiples/primes/prime factors   HCF/LCM   Sequences   Nth term   Indices & roots   Powers/roots   Standard form   Manipulating expressions   Simplify expressions   Identities   Operations with algebraic fractions	
Evidence of learning	Students complete 20-minute end of block assessments (at foundation and h and compared as a cohort to ensure good progress is being made. Assessment will be ongoing through lessons the use of mini-whiteboards and Students will also have end of term tests to showcase retention of knowledg	igher levels) that cover each of the small steps after each unit of work. These are recorded d 'live' marking. e – this will help inform their grades and targets.
Links to prior learning	Links back directly to Year 7, 8 and 9 work completed at Holywell and all of or skills learnt at Holywell will be revisited in different contexts.	ur units of work build upon prior knowledge gained throughout KS3. Throughout the year
	Our scheme builds over time and allows for small steps to be taught by te these and	achers so Students can be the best they can be. If there are gaps we will endeavour to close I adjust lessons accordingly.
Links to future learning	These skills are built upon in KS4 and are used regularly to solve	problems. Start of GCSE curriculum – base works for this, especially algebra units.
	Reading in the curriculum (	Literacy & Vocabulary)
	Key vocabulary is identified in each ur	it and taught explicitly during lessons.
	We encourage Students to talk like a Mather	natician using the key words in Mathematics.
	verbal discussion and Oracy in Maths Students are encouraged to use full sentences in their explana	are encouraged throughout learning. tions and reading strategies are reinforced when teaching.
	Careers in the	curriculum
Computer analyst Software develope	Criminology expert Civil engineering – structure using shapes Programming er System analyst Mathematical modeller Space scientist Accountant Grov Teach	Financial analyst Product designing/industry Software engineering Data analyst Computer /th analyst Pilot Construction Midwifery/Nursing Architecture Design/Industry Banking er

EVERY JOB!!
Protected Characteristics in the curriculum By maintaining high standards of behaviour, including mutual respect and tolerance for different faiths and beliefs and encouraging learners to respect the protected characteristics, class
teachers will be promoting British values.
Safeguarding including safety in the curriculum
Ensuring students are seated in a way that takes account of safeguarding notes and which promotes positive learning and social outcomes. Reporting any concerns within department and school policies.
Spirituality in the curriculum
Links to real-world scenarios – farming, transporting goods etc.
Discussions on how we can use Maths to improve the world.
Values across the curriculum
Respect – Respecting different abilities in the classroom, different styles and approaches
Perseverance & Resilience – Keeping on going is key to solving problems and improving within Maths
Trust – Trusting the process – keep going and you will improve
Community/Co-operation – working together to solve problems, fins mistakes and improve
Joy/Happiness - To enjoy the subject of Maths
Determination - To keep going
How we track your progress
Linking to the progress descriptors all students' progress is tracked through the work they produce and contribute to in class, homework, end of unit assessments and in class assessments/quizzes.
Students access end of block tests when a unit of work is complete – this allows everyone to see where progress has been made. These are out of 20 each time and the papers go home so
parents can see them. All learners also have end of term tests – these cover all skills in Maths and help to decide progress points – this is shared with learners. Homework on Sparx Maths also
shows Students their progress and rewards consistency/effort.
GCSE assessments
Mocks throughout Y10-11 to build up towards main GCSE papers at the end of Y11
AQA exam board
Content from any part of the specification may be assessed
3 tests – 1 calculator, 2 non-calculator. 90 minutes each – 80 marks each. Each paper 33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> % of the GCSE Mathematics assessment. Questions are A mix of question styles, from short, single- mark questions to multi-step problems. The mathematical demand increases as a student progresses through the paper.
The weighting of the topic areas has been prescribed by Ofqual and is common to all exam boards. The table below shows the approximate weightings of the topic areas for the overall tier of assessment, not for each individual question paper.

Topic Area	Foundation Tier (%)	Higher Tier (%)
Number	25	15
Algebra	20	30
Ratio	25	20
Geometry	15	20
Probability & Statistics	15	15

completed and to a good standard.

Sustainability within the subject

Links to real-world scenarios – farming, transporting goods etc.

Discussions on how we can use Maths to improve the world.